

# 1967 CENSUS OF BUSINESS

BC67-MRC-21



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## MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

in Standard Metropolitan  
Statistical Areas

### MARYLAND

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The 1967 Census of Business reports will comprise eight volumes:

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- Vols. V, VI—Wholesale Trade
- Vols. VII, VIII—Selected Services

Retail Trade reports are issued first as separate preprints and then brought together in the following volumes:

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A U.S. summary chapter and chapters presenting tabulations based on the following characteristics of individual establishments: sales size; employment size; single or multiunit ownership; and legal form of ownership. Statistics are presented for the United States, States, and standard metropolitan statistical areas, by kind of business. This volume consists of the subject reports previously issued as series BC67-RS.

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A summary chapter and a chapter for each State showing separate statistics for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State. Each chapter presents data for the major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA's and for the central business district (CBD) in each city with 100,000 inhabitants or more in the SMSA's. Statistics for the CBD are presented for retail trade by kind of business. Data for each major retail center include (a) sales and establishment counts for total retail trade and for three major subgroups of retail trade and (b) establishment counts only, by detailed kind of business. This volume consists of the major retail center reports previously issued as series BC67-MRC.

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A U.S. summary chapter and chapters for each State. Each chapter presents statistics on (a) number of establishments and total sales for establishments in a specified kind of business, (b) the number and total sales of those establishments reporting their sales by the 25 broad merchandise lines, (c) the percentage of total sales accounted for by each of the 25 broad lines, and for (d) establishments handling a specific line, what percent of their total sales is represented by sales of that line. Additional merchandise line detail is shown for selected kinds of business. This volume consists of the reports previously issued as series BC67-MLS.

Issued April 1970

This report is a preprint of a corresponding chapter of Vol. III—Retail Trade, Major Retail Centers.

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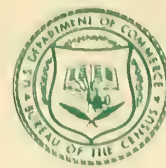
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**RETAIL TRADE: MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS**

**MARYLAND, BC67-MRC-21**

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# 1967 CENSUS OF BUSINESS



BC67-MRC-21

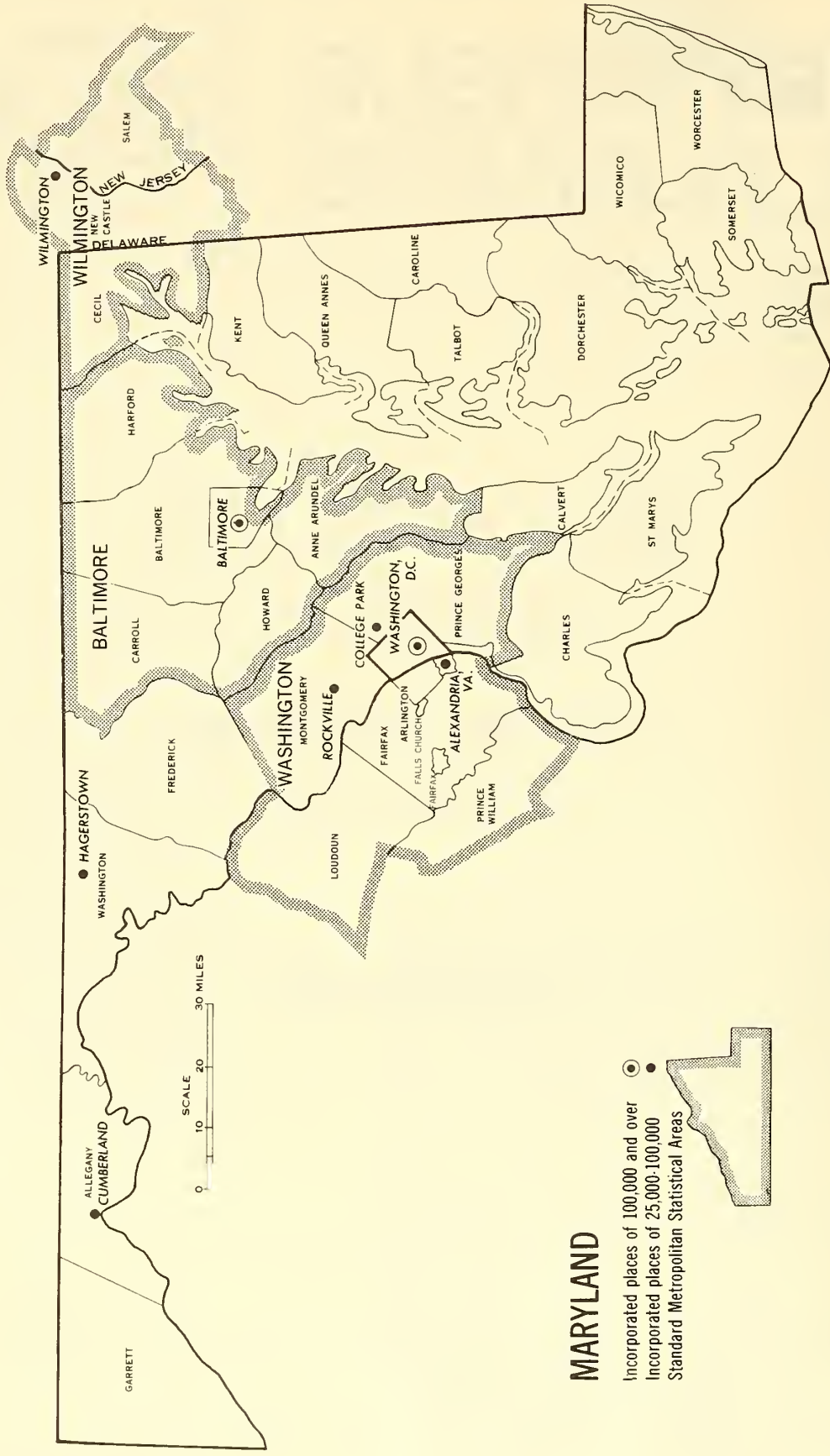
## MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

in Standard Metropolitan  
Statistical Areas

### MARYLAND



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# MARYLAND

- Incorporated places of 100,000 and over
- Incorporated places of 25,000-100,000
- Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

## Introduction

**AUTHORITY AND SCOPE**—The economic censuses are required by law under Title 13, United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224. The 1967 Census of Business portion of the economic censuses consists of firms engaged in retail trade, wholesale trade, and selected services (hotels and motels; personal, business, and repair services; and amusement and recreation services including the motion picture industry) which operated in the United States. In addition, the Census of Business covered public warehouses, dental laboratories, law firms, architectural and engineering firms, travel agencies, and truck and bus carriers not subject to economic regulation by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Data for the contract construction industry also were collected in this Census but published in a separate series of reports. The Census of Business also covered Guam and the Virgin Islands. A separate 1967 Census of Business, Manufacturers, and Construction for Puerto Rico was conducted jointly with the Commonwealth Government.

**KINDS OF BUSINESS COVERED**—This series of reports provides findings only for retail stores in the areas covered. Data for nonstore retailers are not included in these reports. For definitions, see appendix A.

**AREAS COVERED**—This series consists of a summary report and a report for each State showing separate statistics for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State. Data for SMSAs which cross State lines, appear only in the State report in which the SMSA is primarily located. Each report presents data for the major retail centers (MRC's) in the SMSA's. Data are also shown for the central business district (CBD) in each city with 100,000 inhabitants or more in the SMSA.

**DELINEATION OF MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS**—Two types of major retail centers have been delineated for these reports: (1) Central business districts (CBD's); and (2) concentrations of retail stores (other than CBD's) located in each SMSA.

Since there were no generally accepted rules for determining what a CBD area should include or exclude, the Census Bureau (1) in

consultation with local census tract committees defined a CBD as "an area of very high land valuation; an area characterized by a high concentration of retail businesses, offices, theaters, hotels, and "service" businesses; and an area of high traffic flow"; and (2) required that the CBD ordinarily should be defined to follow existing tract lines, i.e., to consist of one or more whole census tracts. The emphasis on tract boundaries was based on the fact that census statistics other than those derived from the Census of Business are identified in terms of tract location and therefore can conveniently be tabulated for CBD's.

It was recognized that the tract basis for CBD's might lead to the inclusion of area segments not consistent with the first criterion or to the exclusion of small segments which clearly belonged within the first criterion. It was believed that these shortcomings generally would not prove to be serious and that the differences in area probably would not significantly affect the totals for the items being measured. Provision, however, was made for splitting tracts where a serious problem was encountered. The use of tract lines for boundaries also was consistent with the desire to keep CBD boundaries constant in order to maximize the value of comparisons over time.

In some cities previously established CBD's or similar areas which substantially corresponded to the Census Bureau's requirements for CBD's were accepted for use in the Bureau's program.

Major retail centers (MRC's) are defined by the Census Bureau as those concentrations of retail stores (located inside the standard metropolitan statistical areas but outside of the CBD) having at least \$5 million in retail sales and at least 10 retail establishments, one of which is classified as a department store.

MRC's include not only the planned suburban shopping centers but also the older "string" street and neighborhood developments which meet the above prerequisites. Frequently the boundaries of a single MRC include stores located within a planned center and in addition adjacent stores outside of the planned portion. In general the boundaries of the MRC's have been established to include all adjacent blocks containing at least one store in the general merchandise, apparel, or furniture-appliance groups of stores, and where a planned center is involved, to include all of the center.

Because MRC's tend to have a relatively small number of establishments, it generally is not possible to provide separate kind-of-business data (except for establishment counts) without infringement of the Bureau's legal requirement for maintenance of confidentiality. For this reason, it is necessary to limit the sales figures for MRC's to only—

1. Retail stores, total.
2. Convenience goods stores, i.e., food stores (SIC 54); eating and drinking places (SIC 58); and drug, proprietary stores (SIC 591).
3. Shopping goods (GAF) stores, i.e., general merchandise stores (SIC 53 part); apparel, accessory stores (SIC 56); and furniture, home furnishings, equipment stores (SIC 57).
4. All other retail stores (SIC 52, 55, 59, except 591).

This report series was started as a part of the 1954 Census of Business, at which time data were provided for a total of 95 CBD's. In the 1958 Census of Business additional CBD's were defined and MRC's were identified for the first time. At that time data were published for

109 CBD's and for 472 MRC's located in 97 SMSA's. The 1963 Census of Business included data for 131 CBD's located in 116 SMSA's and for 972 MRC's. The present series will include data for about 1,700 MRC's located in the 230 SMSA's in the United States and for 134 CBD's.

**CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES**—In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, any data which would disclose the operations of an individual establishment or business organization are not published. However, the number of establishments in a kind of business is not considered a disclosure, so that this item may appear in instances where other items of information for the same kind of business or locality are withheld.

**STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS**—The standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) included in these reports are those defined by the Bureau of the Budget in 1967.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, **Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, 1967**, as amended January 15, 1968.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS  
IN STANDARD METROPOLITAN  
STATISTICAL AREAS

# Maryland

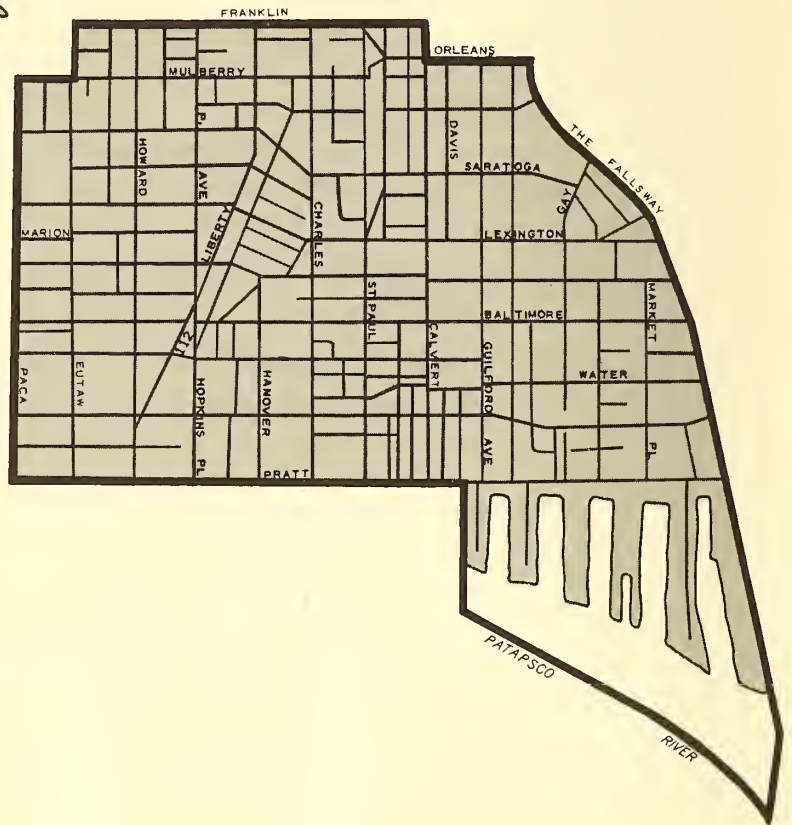
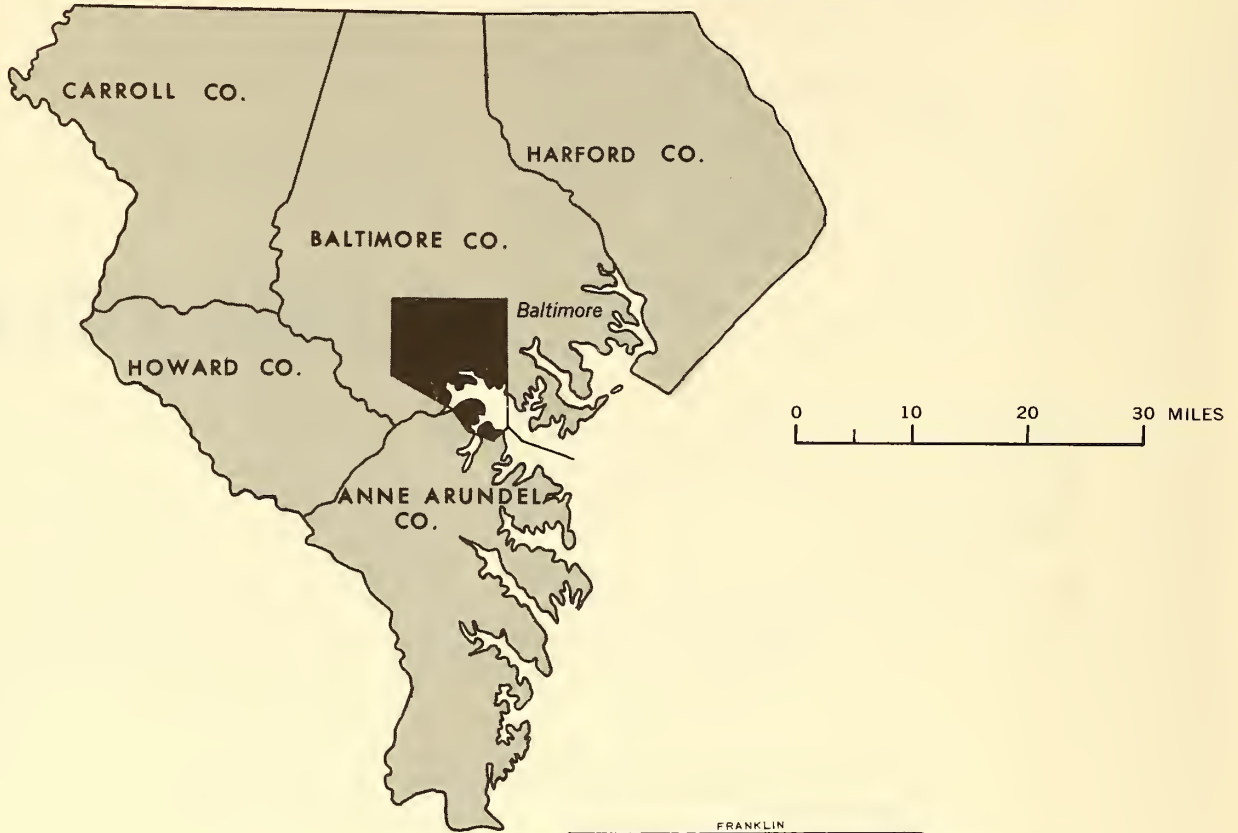
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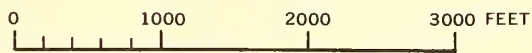
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# BALTIMORE, MD.

## Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area and Central Business District



Comprising Census Tract 401





# BALTIMORE, MD.

## City and Major Retail Centers

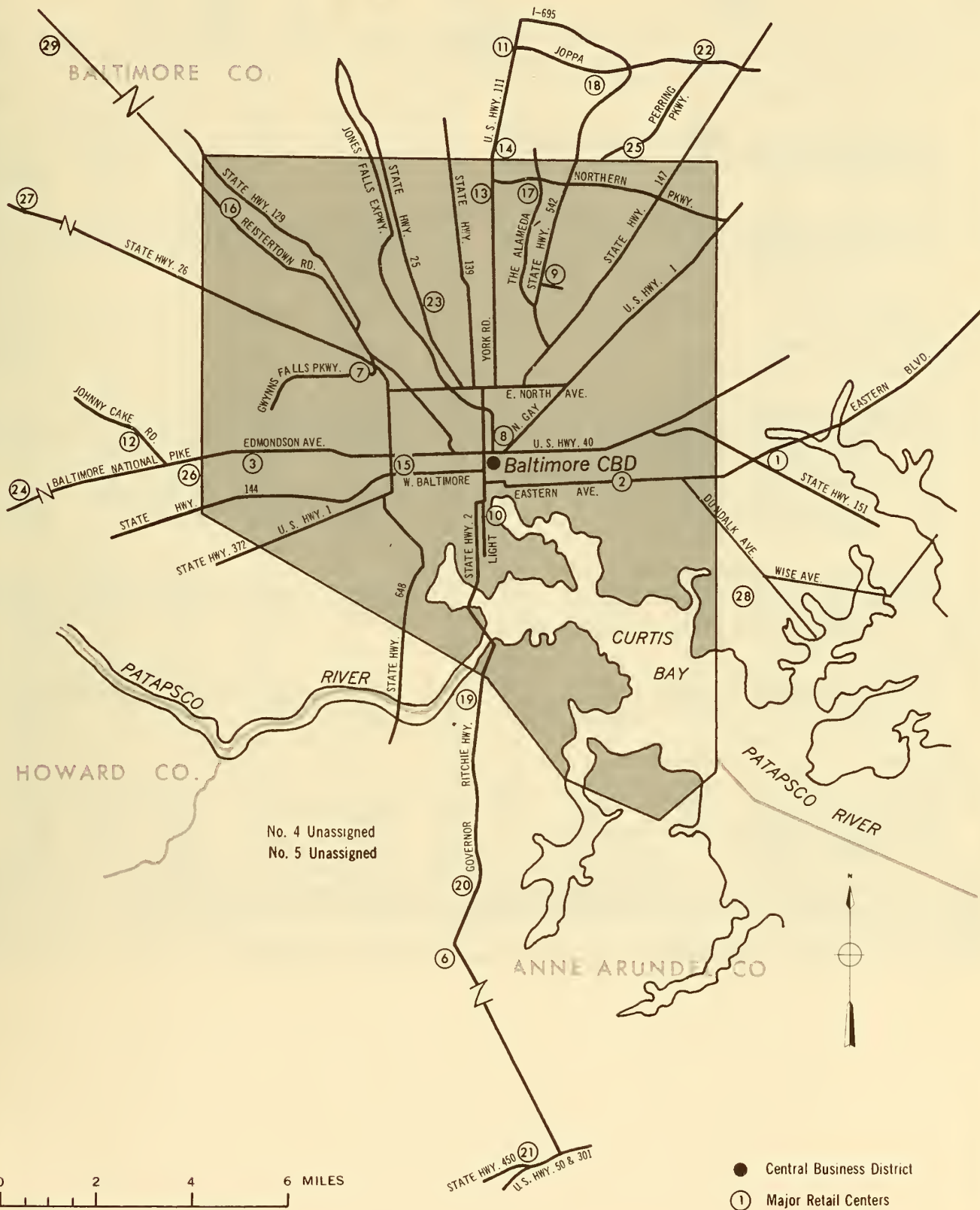


TABLE 1. The Central Business District: 1967 and 1963

SIC code	Kind of business	1967				1963		
		Estab- lish- ments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Payroll, entire year (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)	Estab- lish- ments (number)	Sales (\$1,000)	Payroll, entire year (\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	572	206 696	44 070	12 590	644	175 291	37 141
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HAROWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS. . . . .	3	390	47	9	6	394	56
5251	HAROWARE STORES. . . . .	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	3	341	43
52 EX. 5251	OTHER. . . . .	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	3	53	13
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	24	91 084	23 496	6 892	25	80 426	19 578
531	DEPARTMENT STORES. . . . .	5	82 553	22 021	6 333	5	73 721	18 247
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	8	5 995	1 151	452	6	5 573	1 050
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANOISE STORES . . .	11	2 536	324	107	14	1 132	281
54	FOOD STORES. . . . .	70	8 565	978	281	49	6 933	675
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS . . . . .	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	6	717	127
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS. . . . .	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	11	926	73
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES . . . . .	106	35 619	6 001	1 465	122	26 009	4 800
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES . . . . .	43	14 526	2 289	558	44	9 315	1 603
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	24	11 522	1 848	449	19	6 405	1 109
561	MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	63	21 093	3 712	907	78	16 694	3 197
565	FAMILY CLOTHING STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	23	9 317	2 214	430	30	7 143	1 433
566	SHOE STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	2	(D)	(D)
564, 7, 9	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES, N.E.C. <sup>3</sup> . . . .	27	7 976	1 069	327	33	6 810	1 430
		6	(D)	(D)	(D)	13	(D)	(D)
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES. . . . .	42	19 447	2 826	542	51	17 139	2 542
5712	FURNITURE STORES . . . . .	16	7 389	1 233	255	17	7 550	1 261
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHINGS STORES. . . . .	7	971	202	50	12	1 304	289
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND MUSIC STORES. . . . .	19	11 087	1 391	237	22	8 285	992
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES . . . . .	169	20 970	5 703	2 214	195	16 173	4 624
5812	EATING PLACES. . . . .	110	14 840	4 089	1 653	132	11 414	3 580
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES). . . .	59	6 130	1 614	561	63	4 759	1 044
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES . . . . .	12	5 611	878	264	12	4 869	768
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>4</sup> . . . . .	139	24 334	4 081	901	167	21 705	3 898
592	LIQUOR STORES. . . . .	6	1 662	123	22	7	1 790	123
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS. . .	7	1 085	154	56	4	600	92
597	JEWELRY STORES . . . . .	30	9 906	1 834	345	31	8 538	1 651
5992	FLORISTS . . . . .	5	213	33	14	7	244	28

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. R Revised.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

<sup>2</sup>1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.

<sup>3</sup>1967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

<sup>4</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 2. The City: 1967 and 1963

SIC code	Kind of business	1967*				1963		
		Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	7 575	1 476 595	195 049	53 890	8 221	1 258 175	163 031
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS. . . . .	186	26 846	3 786	759	226	27 180	3 438
5251	HARDWARE STORES. . . . .	108	(D)	1 071	257	138	7 643	830
52 EX. 5251	OTHER. . . . .	78	(D)	2 883	525	88	19 537	2 608
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	232	272 409	47 802	13 615	220	219 548	38 160
531	DEPARTMENT STORES. . . . .	27	231 289	41 028	11 383	25	184 018	32 194
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	75	25 581	4 334	1 608	85	23 426	4 225
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES . .	130	15 539	2 440	624	110	12 104	1 741
54	FOOD STORES. . . . .	1 921	300 698	24 711	6 792	2 304	269 561	21 141
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS . . . . .	268	282 833	27 989	4 269	275	229 761	21 591
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS. . . . .	527	73 322	6 869	2 150	560	63 199	5 878
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES . . . . .	584	104 393	15 455	4 259	588	80 457	12 495
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS	193	39 783	5 965	1 722	198	27 349	4 434
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES . . . . .	139	34 685	5 214	1 516	128	21 693	3 564
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	355	64 610	9 490	2 537	390	53 108	8 061
561	MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	107	29 270	4 860	1 070	129	21 624	3 596
565	FAMILY CLOTHING STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	34	10 339	1 457	553	67	10 246	1 336
566	SHOE STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	120	20 041	2 784	773	150	17 739	2 730
564, 7, 9	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES, N.E.C. <sup>3</sup> . . .	21	3 317	389	141	44	3 499	399
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES. . . . .	327	69 950	10 681	2 054	362	65 400	10 353
5712	FURNITURE STORES . . . . .	113	39 014	6 862	1 259	144	35 870	6 367
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHINGS STORES. . . . .	88	6 112	900	224	86	8 806	1 542
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND MUSIC STORES. . . . .	126	24 824	2 919	571	132	20 724	2 444
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES . . . . .	2 040	150 378	31 406	12 335	2 174	135 624	27 824
5812	EATING PLACES. . . . .	1 068	95 558	22 738	8 998	1 112	83 086	20 128
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES). . . .	972	54 820	8 668	3 337	1 062	52 538	7 696
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES . . . . .	308	66 169	9 638	3 379	358	59 065	8 137
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>4</sup> . . . . .	1 218	129 597	16 712	4 278	1 154	108 380	14 014
592	LIQUOR STORES. . . . .	334	50 641	3 965	1 209	351	40 582	3 123
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS. . .	34	3 700	438	138	33	1 832	210
597	JEWELRY STORES . . . . .	104	15 943	2 836	630	94	13 682	2 398
5992	FLORISTS . . . . .	81	5 202	1 104	334	86	4 027	792

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. \*Revised.

\*1967 city data revised from Area Report Series.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

<sup>2</sup>1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.

<sup>3</sup>1967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

<sup>4</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 3. The Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1967 and 1963

BALTIMORE SMSA—Consists of Baltimore city and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Carroll, Harford, and Howard Counties, Md.

SIC code	Kind of business	1967				1963		
		Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year	Paid employees for week including March 12	Estab- lish- ments	Sales	Payroll, entire year
		(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)	(number)	(number)	(\$1,000)	(\$1,000)
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	13 563	2 949 963	366 232	100 568	13 419	2 268 159	278 034
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS. . . . .	423	83 936	11 587	2 298	480	73 370	9 690
5251	HARDWARE STORES. . . . .	204	20 789	2 854	747	249	19 277	2 338
52 Ex. 5251	OTHER. . . . .	219	63 147	8 733	1 551	231	54 093	7 352
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	451	507 323	76 564	22 739	413	371 898	57 258
531	DEPARTMENT STORES. . . . .	57	420 231	63 392	18 284	40	290 575	45 239
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	140	54 682	8 871	3 253	153	48 651	8 009
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES . . . . .	254	32 410	4 301	1 202	220	32 672	4 010
54	FOOD STORES. . . . .	2 958	702 963	58 761	15 152	3 225	543 258	42 862
55 Ex. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS . . . . .	665	513 241	50 708	7 888	608	402 235	38 114
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS. . . . .	1 456	205 122	17 684	5 740	1 385	146 703	13 128
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES . . . . .	894	161 771	23 579	6 594	894	125 492	18 926
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES . . . . .	312	56 570	8 429	2 479	303	45 072	6 974
562	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	226	49 044	7 294	2 137	201	37 182	5 803
OTHER 56	MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	582	105 201	15 150	4 115	591	80 420	11 952
561	FAMILY CLOTHING STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	161	42 705	6 969	1 505	178	29 588	4 852
565	SHOE STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	62	19 127	2 744	1 047	110	17 559	2 450
566	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES, N.E.C. <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	215	35 635	4 791	1 331	228	26 724	3 970
564, 7, 9		44	5 606	646	232	75	6 549	680
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES. . . . .	647	127 838	19 576	3 815	626	97 052	14 546
5712	FURNITURE STORES . . . . .	219	65 092	11 077	2 004	240	50 820	8 334
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHINGS STORES. . . . .	164	15 956	2 821	651	139	12 940	2 108
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND MUSIC STORES. . . . .	264	46 790	5 678	1 160	247	33 292	4 104
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES . . . . .	3 223	270 241	58 249	22 497	3 311	221 830	46 428
5812	EATING PLACES. . . . .	1 793	184 662	45 171	17 485	1 797	141 352	34 490
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES). . . . .	1 430	85 579	13 078	5 012	1 514	80 478	11 938
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES . . . . .	526	129 614	19 458	6 337	564	103 025	14 624
59 Ex. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>4</sup> . . . . .	2 320	247 914	30 066	7 508	1 913	183 296	22 458
592	LIQUOR STORES. . . . .	517	87 092	6 744	1 996	517	64 228	4 982
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	106	9 309	968	268	84	4 780	465
597	JEWELRY STORES . . . . .	177	22 322	3 853	841	148	17 635	2 985
5992	FLORISTS . . . . .	164	10 695	2 142	698	150	6 592	1 294

Standard Notes: - Represents zero.

D Withheld to avoid disclosure.

NA Not available.

† Revised.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.<sup>2</sup>1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.<sup>3</sup>1967 data limited to "employer" establishments.<sup>4</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 4. CBD, City, SMSA—Percent Change and Percent Distribution: 1967

SIC code	Kind of business	Percent change in sales 1963 to 1967			Percent distribution of sales		
		Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	17.9	17.4	30.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS . . . . .	-1.0	-1.2	14.4	0.2	1.8	2.8
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	(D)	(0)	7.8	(D)	(D)	0.7
52 Ex. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	(D)	(0)	16.7	(D)	(D)	2.1
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	13.3	24.1	36.4	44.1	18.4	17.2
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	12.0	25.7	44.6	40.0	15.7	14.2
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	7.6	9.2	12.4	2.9	1.7	1.9
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. .	124.0	28.4	-0.8	1.2	1.0	1.1
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	23.5	11.6	29.4	4.1	20.4	23.8
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	(D)	23.1	27.6	0.0	19.2	17.4
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	(D)	16.0	39.8	0.3	5.0	7.0
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	36.9	29.8	28.9	17.2	7.1	5.5
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	55.9	45.5	25.5	7.0	2.7	1.9
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES . . . . .	79.9	59.9	31.9	5.6	2.3	1.7
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	26.3	21.7	30.8	10.2	4.4	3.6
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	13.5	7.0	31.7	9.4	4.7	4.3
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	-2.1	8.8	28.1	3.6	2.6	2.2
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHINGS STORES . . . . .	-25.5	-30.6	23.3	0.5	0.4	0.5
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND MUSIC STORES . . . . .	33.8	19.8	40.5	5.3	1.7	1.6
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	29.7	10.9	21.8	10.1	10.2	9.2
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	30.0	15.0	30.6	7.1	6.5	6.3
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . .	28.8	4.3	6.3	3.0	3.7	2.9
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	15.2	12.0	25.8	2.8	4.5	4.4
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	12.1	19.6	35.3	11.8	8.7	8.4
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	-7.2	24.8	35.6	0.8	3.2	3.0
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	80.8	102.0	94.7	0.5	0.2	0.3
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	19.2	16.0	26.6	4.8	1.0	0.8
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	-12.7	29.2	62.2	0.1	0.3	0.4

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>1</sup>Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 5. CBD Sales as Percent of City and SMSA Sales: 1967

SIC code	Kind of business	Central business district sales as--	
		Percent of city sales	Percent of standard metropolitan statistical area sales
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	14.0	7.0
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS. . . . .	1.5	0.5
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	(D)	(D)
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	(D)	(D)
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	33.4	18.0
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	35.7	19.6
533	VARIETY STORES. . . . .	23.4	11.0
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . . . .	16.3	7.8
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	2.8	1.2
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	(D)	(D)
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	(D)	(D)
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	34.1	22.0
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS. . . . .	36.5	25.7
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	33.2	23.5
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	32.6	20.1
561	MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	31.8	21.8
565	FAMILY CLOTHING STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	(D)	(D)
566	SHOE STORES <sup>5</sup> . . . . .	39.8	22.4
564, 7, 9	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES, N.E.C. <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	(D)	(D)
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	27.8	15.2
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	18.9	11.4
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHINGS STORES . . . . .	15.9	6.1
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TELEVISION, AND MUSIC STORES. . . . .	44.7	23.7
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	13.9	7.8
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	15.5	8.0
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . . .	11.2	7.2
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	8.5	4.3
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>4</sup> . . . . .	18.8	9.8
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	3.3	1.9
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES AND BICYCLE SHOPS . . . . .	29.3	11.7
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	62.1	44.4
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	4.1	2.0

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>r</sup>Revised.

<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.

<sup>2</sup>1967 totals for SIC Other 56 may include data for "nonemployer" establishments which could not be classified and tabulated by detailed kind of business.

<sup>3</sup>1967 data limited to "employer" establishments.

<sup>4</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	Major retail centers (see description below)		
				No. 1	No. 2	No. 3
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	13 563	572	61	89	30
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	2 949 963	206 696	47 725	24 777	34 951
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	6 707	251	12	26	9
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	1 102 818	35 146	9 857	5 921	3 908
53 PT. 56, 57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	1 992	172	35	50	12
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	796 932	146 150	29 957	17 348	(D)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	4 864	149	14	13	9
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	1 050 213	25 400	7 911	1 508	(D)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	13 563	571	61	89	30
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS . . . . .	423	3	1	1	1
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	204	1	1	1	1
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	219	2	-	-	-
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	451	24	5	9	4
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	57	5	3	1	2
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	140	8	1	3	-
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES . . . . .	254	11	1	5	2
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	2 958	70	6	10	2
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS . . . . .	665	1	4	-	-
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	1 456	6	2	1	5
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES . . . . .	894	106	20	27	6
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	312	43	7	4	2
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES . . . . .	226	24	6	4	2
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES . . . . .	582	63	13	23	4
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	647	42	10	14	2
5712	FURNITURE STORES . . . . .	219	16	2	4	1
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES . . . . .	164	7	4	3	-
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC STORES . . . . .	264	19	4	7	1
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES . . . . .	3 223	169	5	11	5
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	1 793	110	5	5	5
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . . .	1 430	59	-	6	-
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES . . . . .	526	12	1	5	2
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	2 320	139	7	11	3
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	517	6	1	2	-
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS . . . . .	106	7	-	1	-
597	JEWELRY STORES . . . . .	177	30	3	4	1
5992	FLORISTS . . . . .	164	5	-	-	-

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>R</sup>Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>3</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

MRC 1. Includes the planned center known as "East Point Shopping Center" and establishments on Eastern Blvd. (Ave.) from North Point Blvd. to Transmission Line. (Baltimore Co.)

MRC 2. Includes establishments on Eastern Ave. from Bouldin St. to Haven St. (Baltimore city)

MRC 3. Includes the planned center known as "Edmondson Village Shopping Center" and establishments on Edmondson Ave. from Woodridge St. to Glen Allen Dr. (Baltimore city)

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967-Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers--Continued (see descriptions below)				
		No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 8	No. 9
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	23	34	56	101	20
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	27 926	21 733	37 546	10 818	19 668
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	14	8	9	52	8
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	(0)	(0)	9 682	3 010	5 136
53 PT. 56, 57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	2	20	36	38	7
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	(0)	16 330	25 365	6 855	(0)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	7	6	11	11	5
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	3 610	(0)	2 499	953	(0)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	23	34	56	101	20
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP-					
	MENT DEALERS . . . . .	-	1	-	2	1
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	-	-	-	1	1
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	-	1	-	1	-
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	1	3	2	10	2
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	-	2	1	2	1
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . .	-	-	-	7	-
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	3	4	4	44	4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	4	-	-	-	-
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	1	-	3	-	1
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	1	14	29	22	4
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES,					
	FURRIERS . . . . .	-	6	12	6	-
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	-	4	10	4	-
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	1	8	17	16	4
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT					
	STORES . . . . .	-	3	5	6	1
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	-	-	2	3	-
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES. . . . .	-	1	1	2	-
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC					
	STORES . . . . .	-	2	2	1	1
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	10	3	4	6	3
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	6	3	4	2	2
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . .	4	-	-	4	1
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	1	1	1	2	1
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	2	5	8	9	3
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	1	-	1	2	1
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	-	-	1	-	-
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	-	2	2	2	1
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	-	-	-	-	-

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. \*Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>3</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

- MRC 5. Includes establishments on E. North Ave. from Kennedy St. to Caroline St., on Harford Ave.-Rd. from Lafayette Ave. to Darley Ave. and on N. Broadway from E. North Ave. to Harford Rd. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 6. Includes the planned center known as "Harundale Mall" and establishments in the area bounded by Aquahart Rd., Governor Ritchie Hwy., south property line of Harundale Mall (fence) and B & A R.R. (Anne Arundel Co.)
- MRC 7. Includes the planned center known as "Mondawmin Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by Tioga Pkwy., Liberty Heights Ave., Reistertown Rd. and the west side of Gwynns Falls Pkwy. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 8. Includes the establishments on North Gay from Colvin St. to Madison St. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 9. Includes the planned center known as "Northwood Shopping Center" on Havenwood Rd. from Loch Haven Rd. to east side of Hillen Rd. (Baltimore city)



TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967—Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers—Continued (see descriptions below)				
		No. 10	No. 11	No. 12	No. 13	No. 14
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	41	128	68	30	19
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	8 126	46 982	43 025	9 692	25 258
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	14	33	17	12	6
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	1 817	12 232	12 645	2 509	8 547
53 PT. 56, 57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	19	53	30	9	6
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	5 713	25 465	21 076	6 255	15 634
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	8	42	21	9	7
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	596	9 285	9 304	928	1 077
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	41	128	68	30	19
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS . . . . .	1	5	1	2	-
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	1	2	1	1	-
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	-	3	-	1	-
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	7	6	4	2	2
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	1	1	2	1	1
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	2	1	2	1	1
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . .	4	4	-	-	-
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	4	11	8	1	4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	2	3	5	-	-
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	-	2	6	-	3
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	10	26	16	5	3
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	1	10	6	1	1
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	1	8	5	1	1
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	9	16	10	4	2
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	2	21	10	2	1
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	1	5	1	-	-
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES. . . . .	1	7	3	1	-
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC STORES . . . . .	-	9	6	1	1
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	7	16	6	9	1
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	5	11	5	6	1
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . .	2	5	1	3	-
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	3	6	3	2	1
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	5	32	9	7	4
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	-	4	2	-	1
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . .	-	1	-	-	-
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	3	5	3	1	1
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	-	4	1	1	-

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>†</sup>Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandising vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>3</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

- MRC 10. Includes the establishments on Light St. from Hamburg St. to Gittings St. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 11. Includes the planned centers known as "Towson Plaza" and "Dulaney Valley Center" and establishments in the area bounded by: East side of York Rd., McCurdy Ave., Dulaney Valley Rd., N. and E. boundary of Towson Plaza, Joppa Rd., Delaware Ave., south side of Chesapeake Ave., east side of York Rd., Susquehanna Ave., Washington Ave. and Joppa Rd. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 12. Includes the planned centers known as "Westview Shopping Center" and "Ingleside Shopping Center" and establishments on Baltimore National Pike from Johnny Cake Rd. to Baltimore County Beltway. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 13. Includes the establishments on York Rd. from Orkney Rd. to Evesham Ave. and on Belvedere Ave. from Croyden Dr. to Dugan Ave. extended. (Baltimore)
- MRC 14. Includes the planned centers known as "York Road Shopping Center" and "Drum Castle Shopping Center" and establishments on York Rd. from Walker Ave. to Overbrook Rd. (Baltimore city and Baltimore Co.)

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967-Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers--Continued (see descriptions below)				
		No. 15	No. 16	No. 17	No. 18	No. 19
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	72	69	14	17	17
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	10 986	43 084	11 188	19 904	7 389
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	21	16	6	3	8
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	2 036	9 671	(D)	(D)	(D)
53 PT. 56, 57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	25	39	3	11	2
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	6 940	30 504	(D)	17 998	(D)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	26	14	5	3	7
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	2 010	2 909	958	(D)	1 256
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	72	69	14	17	17
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS . . . . .	5	1	-	-	2
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	2	1	-	-	1
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	3	-	-	-	1
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	6	6	2	2	1
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	2	3	1	1	1
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	1	1	1	1	-
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . . . .	3	2	-	-	-
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	4	10	3	2	4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	3	-	1	-	-
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	-	2	1	-	1
56 562, 3, 8	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	14	26	1	8	-
	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	2	11	-	3	-
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	1	8	-	2	-
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	12	15	1	5	-
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	5	7	-	1	1
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	3	1	-	1	-
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES. . . . .	1	2	-	-	-
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC STORES . . . . .	1	4	-	-	1
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	14	4	2	1	3
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	7	4	2	1	2
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . . .	7	-	-	-	1
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	3	2	1	-	1
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	18	11	3	3	4
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	4	1	1	1	2
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	-	-	-	-	-
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	-	1	-	1	1
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	3	-	-	-	-

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>†</sup>Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>3</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

- MRC 15. Includes the establishments on W. Baltimore St. from Fremont St. to Stricker St. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 16. Includes the planned centers known as "Reistertown Road Plaza" and "Falstaff Shopping Center" and establishments on Reistertown Rd. from Patterson Ave. to alley on north end of Falstaff Shopping Center. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 17. Includes the planned center known as "Alameda Shopping Center" on west side of The Alameda from Chinquapin Pkwy. to Belvedere Ave. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 18. Includes the planned center known as "Eudowood Plaza" at the intersection of Joppa Rd. and Prince Rd. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 19. Includes the planned center known as "Brooklyn Park Plaza" and establishments on Governor Ritchie Hwy. from 9th Ave. to 12th Ave. (Anne Arundel Co.)

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967—Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers—Continued (see descriptions below)				
		No. 20	No. 21	No. 22	No. 23	No. 24
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	24	25	27	51	34
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	47 145	20 139	28 274	6 286	30 755
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	10	5	(0)	17	15
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	(0)	4 087	8 013	1 956	14 255
53 PT. 56, 57	SHOPPING GOODS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	8	15	10	21	10
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	34 896	15 420	17 927	3 241	15 563
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	6	5	(0)	13	9
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . .	(0)	632	2 334	1 089	937
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	24	25	27	51	34
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS . . . . .	1	1	-	2	1
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	-	-	-	1	-
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	1	1	-	1	1
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	4	3	2	7	2
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	3	3	1	1	2
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	1	-	1	2	-
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . .	-	-	-	4	-
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	4	3	5	4	7
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	1	-	-	-	-
55 PT. (554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	2	1	3	1	3
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	2	8	7	10	2
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	-	2	2	4	-
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	-	2	2	4	-
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	2	6	5	6	2
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	2	4	1	4	6
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	1	1	-	2	3
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES. . . . .	1	1	-	1	2
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC STORES . . . . .	-	2	1	1	1
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	5	1	3	10	7
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	4	1	3	8	5
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . .	1	-	-	2	2
59 PT. (591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	1	1	-	3	1
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	2	3	6	10	5
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	-	-	2	1	2
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	-	-	-	-	1
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	1	1	-	2	-
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	-	-	-	2	1

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>r</sup>Revised.  
<sup>1</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>2</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>3</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

- MRC 20. Includes the planned centers known as "Glen Burnie Mall" and "Governor Plaza Shopping Center," and establishments in the 6600 and 6700 blocks of Governor Ritchie Hwy. (Rt. 2) (Anne Arundel Co.)
- MRC 21. Includes the planned center known as "Parole Plaza Shopping Center" and establishments at the intersection of Defense Hwy. (State Hwy. 450) and Solomon Island Rd. (State Hwy. 2) (Anne Arundel Co.)
- MRC 22. Includes the planned centers known as "Perring Plaza" and "Satyr Hill Shopping Center," and establishments on the south side of Joppa Rd. from Perring Pkwy. to Embla Ave. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 23. Includes the establishments on W. 36th St. from Chestnut St. to Falls Rd. (Baltimore city)
- MRC 24. Includes the planned center known as "40 West Shopping Center" and establishments on Baltimore National Pike (Route 40) from 6300 to 6510, and on Rolling Rd. at intersection with Balt. Nat'l. Pike. (Baltimore Co.)

TABLE 6. Major Retail Centers in the SMSA: 1967-Continued

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers-Continued (see descriptions below)				
		No. 25	No. 26	No. 27	No. 28	No. 29
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL: <sup>1</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	17	18	34	10	18
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	9 191	14 079	11 948	5 385	10 085
54, 58, 591	CONVENIENCE GOODS STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	8	6	13	3	7
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	3 889	(0)	7 760	(D)	6 288
53 PT.56,57	SHOPPING GOOOS STORES (GAF): <sup>2</sup>					
	NUMBER . . . . .	3	5	10	3	4
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	(0)	(0)	3 037	(D)	(D)
52, 55, 59 EX. 591	ALL OTHER STORES:					
	NUMBER . . . . .	6	7	11	4	7
	SALES . . . . . \$1,000. . . . .	(0)	982	1 151	538	(0)
	NUMBER OF ESTABLISHMENTS					
	RETAIL STORES, TOTAL <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	17	18	34	10	18
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HAROWARE, AND FARM EQUIP- MENT DEALERS . . . . .	1	1	-	-	1
5251	HARDWARE STORES . . . . .	-	1	-	-	-
52 EX. 5251	OTHER . . . . .	1	-	-	-	1
53 PART	GENERAL MERCHANOISE GROUP STORES <sup>1</sup> . . . . .	1	2	2	1	2
531	DEPARTMENT STORES . . . . .	1	1	1	1	1
533	VARIETY STORES . . . . .	-	1	-	-	1
539	MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL MERCHANDISE STORES. . . . .	-	-	1	-	-
54	FOOD STORES . . . . .	4	2	6	3	4
55 EX. 554	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS. . . . .	-	-	1	-	1
55 PT.(554)	GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS . . . . .	3	5	6	3	2
56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	2	3	4	1	2
562, 3, 8	WOMEN'S CLOTHING, SPECIALTY STORES, FURRIERS . . . . .	-	1	1	1	-
562	WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR STORES. . . . .	-	1	1	1	-
OTHER 56	OTHER APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES. . . . .	2	2	3	-	2
57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES . . . . .	-	-	4	1	-
5712	FURNITURE STORES. . . . .	-	-	-	-	-
OTHER 571	HOME FURNISHING STORES. . . . .	-	-	-	-	-
572, 573	HOUSEHOLD APPLIANCE, RADIO, TV, MUSIC STORES . . . . .	-	-	4	1	-
58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES. . . . .	2	2	4	-	1
5812	EATING PLACES . . . . .	2	2	3	-	1
5813	DRINKING PLACES (ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES) . . . . .	-	-	1	-	-
59 PT.(591)	DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES. . . . .	2	2	3	-	2
59 EX. 591	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	2	1	4	1	3
592	LIQUOR STORES . . . . .	-	1	-	-	-
595	SPORTING GOODS STORES, BICYCLE SHOPS. . . . .	1	1	2	1	-
597	JEWELRY STORES. . . . .	-	-	-	-	1
5992	FLORISTS. . . . .	-	-	-	-	1

Standard Notes: - Represents zero. D Withheld to avoid disclosure. NA Not available. <sup>1</sup>Revised.  
<sup>2</sup>Excludes nonstore retailers (i.e., mail order, direct selling, merchandise vending machine operators) part of SIC 53.  
<sup>3</sup>Stores in the general merchandise, apparel, and furniture and appliance groups; these stores specialize in department store type of merchandise.  
<sup>4</sup>Includes data for those kinds of business in SIC 59 (except 591) not covered in any of the lines below.

- MRC 25. Includes planned center known as "Perring Parkway Shopping Center" in the area bounded by Perring Manor Rd., the west side of McClean Blvd., Perring Pkwy., and the east side of Oakleigh Ave., and establishments on Moore Ave. from 2300 to 2499. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 26. Includes the planned center known as "Charing Cross Shopping Center" and establishments on Baltimore National Pike from Charing Cross Rd. to Coleridge Rd. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 27. Includes the planned centers known as "Liberty Court Shopping Center" and "Liberty Plaza", and establishments on Liberty Rd. from Old Court Rd. to 87 Liberty Rd. (Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 28. Includes establishments on Wise Ave. from Church Road to Lynch Rd. (Dundalk - Baltimore Co.)
- MRC 29. Includes the planned center known as "Westminster Shopping Center" and establishments at the intersection of Enlar Rd. and Route 140. (Westminster)

# Appendix

## GENERAL EXPLANATION

### CENSUS COVERAGE

**Method of Coverage**—Effective with the 1967 Census of Business, a major shift in the method of compiling data was introduced. In the 1954, 1958, and 1963 Censuses data for all "employer" establishments (those which had some paid employment during the census year) were obtained through a mail canvass. Information for "nonemployers" was obtained from Federal income tax records.

In the 1967 Census of Business, retail firms were divided into two categories—the "mail universe" and the "nonmail" universe. The coverage of each component and the method of obtaining census information for these two groups are described below.

1. The "nonmail" universe—This group consists of firms which were not required to file a regular census return and includes the following categories:

a. All "nonemployers"—Consists of all firms with no paid employment during 1967. Sales information for these firms was obtained from 1967 Federal income tax records. Although made up of a large number of firms, the nonemployer segment accounts for only about 5 percent of total retail sales. (See "Comparison of the 1963 Census With the 1967 Census," item 4, on the next page.)

In the 1967 Census, data for all nonemployer establishments were compiled from tax records. In the 1963 Census, data were compiled from only one-half of the nonemployer tax returns and were multiplied by 2 to establish census totals.

The census included only those retail nonemployer firms which reported as a sales volume of \$2,500 or more during 1967 or, having been in operation for less than the full year, reported sales which would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more on an annual basis. This treatment is the same as in the 1963 Census.

b. Selected "small employers"—"Employers" consist of all business firms in the active records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) which were subject to payment of Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) taxes. "Small employers" consist basically of all those single unit firms with payroll below a specified cutoff (except for a 10-percent sample of these which were included in the "mail" universe). The cutoff varied by kind of business and was designed, in most cases, to limit the "nonmail" group to establishments which would account for approximately 20 percent of total sales in each kind of business. The "number-of-employee" equivalent of the payroll cutoff generally was in the range of one to three employees.

Data on sales, payroll, and employment for "under cutoff" employer firms were obtained from the administrative records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA).

2. The "mail" universe—Information for firms in this group was obtained basically by means of a mail canvass. However, information on first quarter payroll and mid-March employment for single-unit employers (section b below) was obtained from IRS and SSA records. The "mail" universe includes the following categories:

a. Firms in the census precanvass—The census precanvass operation was basically designed to identify firms which operated units at more than one location.

Firms which were included in the precanvass were drawn primarily from 1963 Census records of multiunit firms and large employers. Miscellaneous categories of organizations (e.g., cooperative associations; State, county, and municipal liquor stores; and retail stores of utility companies) were also included in the precanvass.

b. Firms not in the census precanvass—Other firms included in the "mail" universe consist of the following categories:

- (1) The 10 percent of "small employer" firms referred to in section 1-b above.
- (2) Other employers than those covered by section 1-b or 2-a above.

**Comparison of the 1963 Census with the 1967 Census**—Except for the method of coverage described above, the 1963 and 1967 censuses were conducted under similar conditions and procedures. Strict comparability of the data for the two censuses is limited by the following factors:

1. **Classification**—For both 1963 and 1967, nonemployer firms were classified on the basis of information supplied on the Federal income tax returns. However, the 1967 classifications for "nonemployer" firms were coded in less detail than in 1963. Therefore, 1967 data for the combination of "employer" and "nonemployer" establishments are presented in less kind-of-business detail than was the case in 1963. Data for employer establishments, however, are shown in full detail.

For 1963, nonemployer firms were classified by IRS personnel with technical assistance of Census Bureau personnel. For 1967, classification of these firms was performed by personnel of the IRS through use of a coded listing of the kinds of business which were to be separately identified. While the technique of classification was substantially the same and was based on the firm's description of its principal business activity, greater use was made in 1967 of "basket" classifications (e.g., miscellaneous food stores).

The 1967 Census classification for the small employer firms (see coverage of employers above) which were not mailed the Census report form was based on the following:

- a. If the firm had been in business in 1963, the kind-of-business classification which had been assigned in that census was used.
- b. If the firm was a "birth" since 1963, the SSA classification was used if it corresponded to a census classification.
- c. If an adequate kind-of-business classification could not be assigned under the procedure outlined in a. and b. above, the firm was mailed a brief inquiry requesting information needed to assign such a classification.
- d. If these three procedures proved inadequate, the firm's description of its principal business activity as entered on its IRS business tax return was used.

The 1967 Census classification for establishments in the mail universe (section 2 above) was assigned on the basis of answers to questions on sales by merchandise lines and other special inquiries.

In addition to differences in classification based on the method of enumeration, some changes were made in the 1967 Census in the individual kind-of-business classifications which are detailed in the "Kind-of-Business Classifications" section below. The kinds of business involving significant changes are building materials dealers, optical goods stores, and refreshment places. These changes importantly limit the comparability of the 1967 Census data for these kinds of business with those for the previous census.

2. **Areas**—The physical area of a number of urban places for which data are shown in the 1967 Census is not the same as it was in the 1963 Census because of annexations and other boundary changes which occurred since 1963.

3. **Active proprietors**—In the 1963 Census, the number of active proprietors of unincorporated businesses was computed by crediting sole proprietorships with one proprietor and partnerships with two

proprietors for each establishment in business during the week of November 15. In this report, the count of active proprietors is based on crediting each sole proprietorship with one active proprietor and each partnership with two active proprietors for the following types of firms, including multiunit firms:

- a. All "employer" firms which had a first quarter 1967 payroll.
- b. All "nonemployer" firms in business the full year.
- c. Every second "nonemployer" firm not in business the full year.

4. Coverage of nonemployers—Although a comparison of data for nonemployer firms from the 1963 and 1967 Censuses seems to indicate that there was an increase in the number of such firms and that they accounted for approximately as large a proportion of total retail sales volume in 1967 as in 1963, these conclusions are subject to the following limitations:

The combination of (1) the census processing cutoff occurring before the completion of the flow of tax forms from which the census non-employer data were derived and (2) other processing omissions is estimated to have led to a loss of about 50,000 nonemployer firms, accounting for about one-half of 1 percent of retail sales volume in 1963. This estimate, which is based on a study of a sample of tax forms made after the 1963 Census results were compiled, reflects a more substantial census omission than previously had been estimated. Because of a later processing date for the 1967 Census, omissions from this census are believed negligible. Both censuses probably omitted a small number of nonemployers (accounting for a negligible sales volume) because the tax form kind-of-business description was inadequate to indicate they conducted an inscope kind of business.

As noted in section 1-a under "Method of Coverage" above, only those retail nonemployer establishments were included in the census which reported a sales volume of \$2,500 or more during 1967 or, having been in operation for less than the full year, reported sales which would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more on an annual basis. While these are the same rules used in the 1963 Census, a modification to reflect price changes probably would have resulted in the exclusion of several thousand additional marginal firms.

5. Payroll—In 1963 the inclusion in payroll of gratuities received by employees from patrons was not requested. In 1967, both in the case of payroll reported to the Internal Revenue Service and payrolls reported to the Census Bureau, businesses were requested to include in payroll the amount of tips and gratuities which were reported to employers as received by employees from patrons.

## EXPLANATION OF TERMS

**Establishments**—An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted. An establishment is not necessarily identical with the "company" or "enterprise" which may consist of one or more establishments. Census of Business figures represent a summary of reports for individual establishments rather than companies. For businesses which were mailed a census form, separate information was obtained for each location where business was conducted, including each location of multiunit organizations. Each report was tabulated in accordance with the physical location at which the business was conducted.

Where two or more activities were carried on at a single location under a single ownership, all activities generally were grouped together as a single establishment, and the entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity, with all data for it included in that classification. However, in cases where distinct and separate economic activities (for which different industry classification codes were appropriate) were conducted under the same ownership at a single location, and where conditions prescribed by the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual<sup>1</sup> for recognizing the existence of more than one establishment were met, separate establishment reports for each of the different activities were reported in the census.

In the case of leased departments (separately owned businesses operated as departments of a retail business under another ownership such as a separately owned shoe department in a department store),

<sup>1</sup> Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1967.

only a single establishment combining leased departments with the retail establishment in which they are located is recognized for 1967 Census purposes.

**Sales**—Sales include merchandise sold and receipts from repairs and from other services to customers whether or not payment was received in 1967. Sales are net of deductions for refunds and allowances for merchandise returned by customers. Trade-in allowances are not deducted from total sales. Total sales exclude amounts other than those received from customers, such as income from investments, rental of real estate, etc. They include local and State sales taxes and Federal excise taxes collected by the store directly from customers and paid directly by the store to a local, State, or Federal tax agency. Gasoline, liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes which are paid by the manufacturer or wholesaler and passed along to the retailer are also included.

Sales do not include retail sales made by manufacturers, wholesalers, service establishments, and other businesses whose primary activity is other than retail trade. They do, however, include receipts other than from the sale of merchandise at retail (e.g., service receipts, sales to industrial users, and sales to other retailers) by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade.

Although the count of establishments in this report represents the number in business at the end of the year, the sales figures include sales of all establishments in business at any time during the year. Data for nonemployer establishments are included in the tables if they operated at an annual sales volume rate of \$2,500 or more; however, data for part year nonemployers have not been projected to a full year's operation.

**Payroll, entire year**—Payroll includes all forms of compensation such as salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, and the value of payments in kind (such as free meals and lodgings) paid during the year to all employees. Tips and gratuities received by employees from patrons which are reported to employers are included. For corporations, it includes amounts paid to officers and executives; for unincorporated businesses, it does not include compensation of proprietors or of partners. Payroll is reported before deductions for Social Security, income tax, insurance dues, etc. This definition of payroll is the same as that used by the Internal Revenue Service for purposes of reporting on Form 941.

**Paid employees for the pay period including March 12, 1967**—Paid employees consist of the number of employees, including salaried officers and executives of corporations, who were on the payroll in the pay period including March 12, 1967. Included are employees on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations. Proprietors and partners of unincorporated businesses are not included. The definition of paid employees is the same as used in reporting on IRS Form 941.

## KIND-OF-BUSINESS CLASSIFICATIONS

Retail trade, as defined in major groups 52 through 59 of the 1967 edition of the SIC Manual, includes establishments primarily engaged in selling merchandise to customers for personal, household, or farm use. Some of the important characteristics of retail trade establishments are: (1) The establishment is engaged in activities to attract the general public to buy; (2) the establishment buys or receives merchandise as well as sells; (3) the establishment may process its products, but such processing is incidental or subordinate to selling; and (4) the establishment is considered "retail" by the trade.

In this report, liquor stores operated by State and local governments, classified in SIC major groups 92 and 93, are also included.

Excluded from retail trade are places of business operated by institutions and open only to members or personnel, such as school cafeterias, restaurants and bars operated by clubs, eating places operated by industrial and commercial enterprises for their own employees, establishments operated by agencies of the Federal Government on military posts, hospitals, etc.

As noted in the introduction, this report does not include data for nonstore retailers (part of SIC major group 53).

Establishments covered by the census were assigned a kind-of-business classification in accordance with the provisions of the 1967 edition of the SIC Manual. However, because in some instances a more detailed classification is required for census purposes than is available in the SIC

Manual, additional kinds of business have been identified within the SIC categories.

It should be noted that kind-of-business classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications. Most businesses sell a number of kinds of commodities. The kind-of-business code assigned generally reflects either the individual commodity or the commodity group which is the primary source of the establishment's receipts or some mixture of commodities which characterize the establishment's business. Thus, the classification of establishments by kind of business generally does not make it possible to determine either the number of establishments handling a particular commodity or the sales of that commodity. For example, the "food group" classification excludes stores selling some food if the sale of food is not the primary source of receipts; moreover, even though stores are classified as "food stores" some of their receipts may be derived from the sale of nonfood products. (Some indication of the extent to which various broad groups of commodities or lines of merchandise are characteristic of different kinds of business will be available in the Census of Business report, Merchandise Line Sales, Series BC67—MLS.)

The basis for kind-of-business classification is described above in the sections under "Method of Coverage" and "Comparison of the 1963 Census With the 1967 Census—Classification." Descriptions of those kinds of business for which data are provided follow.

#### BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, AND FARM EQUIPMENT DEALERS (SIC Major Group 52)

This major group includes establishments primarily selling lumber, building materials, the basic lines of hardware, paint, wallpaper, glass, electrical supplies, roofing materials, and other equipment and supplies for all types of construction. Establishments primarily selling farm equipment are also included. Establishments in this group sell to contractors as well as to the general public. Establishments in this group which do not deal in lumber or millwork are classified as retail trade if sales to the general public equal 15 percent or more of total sales and sales to the general public and contractors combined equal 50 percent or more of total sales; otherwise they are classified as wholesale trade.

Establishments which deal in lumber as well as other building materials, whose reported sales of lumber and millwork are 1 percent or more of their total sales and whose sales to the general public amounted to 1 percent or more of total sales, are classified as retail if their sales to the general public and to contractors combined equal 50 percent or more of total sales. In 1963, establishments dealing in lumber and other building materials were classified as "wholesale" if less than 15 percent of their total sales were to the general public.

**Hardware stores (SIC 5251)**—Establishments primarily selling a number of basic hardware lines, such as tools, builders' hardware, paint, glass, housewares, household appliances, cutlery, and roofing materials.

#### GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES (SIC Major Group 53, Except "Nonstore Retailers")

This group includes all establishments within SIC major group 53, "General Merchandise," except for "nonstore" establishments (SIC 532, 534, and 535), which for purposes of this publication are separately classified. (See "Nonstore Retailers" below.) This major group includes establishments which sell several lines of merchandise such as dry goods, apparel and accessories, furniture and home furnishings, small wares, hardware, and food.

**Department stores (SIC 531)**—Establishments normally employing 25 people or more, having sales of apparel and softgoods combined amounting to 20 percent or more of total sales, and engaged in selling each of the following lines of merchandise:

1. Furniture, home furnishings, appliances, radio and TV sets.
2. A general line of apparel for the family.
3. Household linens and dry goods.

For establishments classified as department stores in 1963, sales of any one of the above merchandise lines cannot exceed 85 percent of

total sales; for establishments included in classifications other than department stores in 1963, sales of any one of these lines cannot exceed 75 percent of total sales; for all other establishments to qualify as department stores, sales of each of the lines listed above must be less than 80 percent of total sales.

An establishment with total sales of \$5 million or more is classified as a department store even if sales of one of the merchandise lines described above exceeds the maximum percent of total sales, provided that the combined sales of the other two groups is \$500,000 or more. Relatively few stores are included in this classification as a result of this special rule and most of those which are would otherwise have been classified in the apparel group (SIC major group 56).

**Variety stores (SIC 533)**—Establishments primarily selling a variety of merchandise in the low and popular price ranges such as stationery, apparel and accessories, housewares, toys, toilet articles, hardware, and confectionery. These establishments frequently are known as "5 and 10 cent" stores and "5 cents to a dollar" stores, although merchandise is usually sold outside these price ranges.

Classification of stores in this category is primarily based on self-designation by the store operators. In the 1963 Census of Business this industry was titled "limited price variety stores."

#### FOOD STORES (SIC Major Group 54)

Establishments primarily selling food for home preparation and consumption. Establishments primarily selling prepared food and drinks for consumption on their own premises are classified as "Eating and Drinking Places" (SIC major group 58) and stores primarily engaged in selling packaged beers and liquors are classified separately as "Liquor stores" (SIC 592).

#### AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS (SIC Major Group 55, Except 554)

This group includes establishments which sell new and used automobiles and new parts and accessories, aircraft and marine dealers, and mobile home dealers. Establishments dealing exclusively in used parts are classified in SIC 5933, "Secondhand stores." Automotive distributors whose sales are primarily to dealers, and establishments primarily engaged in selling trucks and motorized industrial equipment are included in the Wholesale Trade portion of the Census of Business.

#### GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS (SIC 554)

Establishments primarily selling gasoline and automotive lubricants. Usually these establishments also sell tires, batteries, and accessories, and perform minor repair work and services. Establishments called garages but deriving more than half of their receipts from sale of gasoline and oil are included.

#### APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES (SIC Major Group 56)

Establishments in this group are primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds and related articles for personal wear and adornment. Not included in this group are establishments which meet the criteria for department stores (SIC 531) or general merchandise stores (part of SIC 539) even though most of their receipts are from the sale of apparel and apparel accessories.

**Women's clothing, specialty stores; furriers (SIC 562, 563, and 568)**—Comprises the following industries:

**Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562)**—Establishments primarily selling women's and girls' ready-to-wear apparel. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 80 percent or more of total sales, (2) sales

of all women's and girls' apparel are three or more times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel, and (3) sales of dresses, coats and suits, and furs are two or more times greater than sales of millinery, hosiery, underwear, blouses, handbags, and other apparel and accessories.

Establishments primarily selling garments made to customer order are classified as "Custom tailors" (SIC 567).

**Women's accessory and specialty stores (SIC 563)**—Establishments primarily selling a specialized line of women's and girls' apparel items (such as sportswear, beachwear, blouses, and hosiery) and women's accessories and specialties, such as millinery (ready to wear and custom made), foundation garments, lingerie, gloves, and handbags. Included in this industry are establishments which meet the definition for women's ready-to-wear stores except that receipts from sales of dresses, coats, suits, and furs are not twice as much or more than sales of other women's and girls' apparel. Establishments which sell men's and boys' apparel in combination with women's and girls' apparel may be classified as "Family clothing stores" (SIC 565) under conditions specified in the definition for that kind of business.

**Furriers and fur shops (SIC 568)**—Establishments primarily selling furs and fur garments. Establishments primarily engaged in selling fur garments made on their own premises to individual order are also included.

**Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores (SIC 561)**—Establishments primarily selling men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales, and (2) receipts from sales of all men's and boys' apparel are three or more times the receipts from sales of all women's and girls' apparel. Establishments primarily selling garments made to customer order are classified as "Custom tailors" (SIC 567).

**Family clothing stores (SIC 565)**—Establishments primarily selling clothing, furnishings, and accessories for men, women, and children, without specializing in any one line. Establishments are included in this category provided (1) their sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 80 percent or more of their total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all men's and boys' items, and (3) the sales of all men's and boys' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all women's and girls' apparel items.

**Shoe stores (SIC 566)**—Establishments primarily selling any one line or a combination of the lines of men's, women's, and children's footwear.

**Apparel and accessory stores, n.e.c. (SIC 564, 567, and 569)**—Comprises the following industries:

**Children's and infants' wear stores (SIC 564)**—Establishments primarily selling children's and infants' clothing, furnishings, and accessories.

**Custom tailors (SIC 567)**—Establishments primarily selling men's and women's outer garments such as suits, overcoats, uniforms, dresses, etc., made on their own premises to customer order. Establishments primarily selling furs and fur apparel are classified as "Furriers and fur shops" (SIC 568).

**Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores (SIC 569)**—Establishments primarily selling specialized lines of apparel and accessories not elsewhere classified.

#### FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES (SIC Major Group 57)

Establishments primarily selling merchandise used in furnishing the home, such as furniture, floor coverings, draperies, glass and chinaware,

domestic stoves, refrigerators, and other household electrical and gas appliances, including radio and TV sets. Also included are musical instrument stores and music and record shops.

**Furniture stores (SIC 5712)**—Establishments primarily selling household furniture, mattresses, springs, and other sleep equipment. (Establishments selling household appliances, record players, and radio and TV sets, are also included if receipts from sales of furniture and sleep equipment exceed those from sales of the other commodity lines named.)

**Home furnishings stores (SIC 571, except 5712)**—Establishments primarily selling floor coverings; curtains, draperies, and upholstery materials; china, glassware, and metalware; lamps and lampshades; blinds and window shades; picture frames and mirrors; etc.

**Household appliance, radio-TV, music stores (SIC 572 and 573)**—Comprises the following industries:

**Household appliance stores (SIC 572)**—Establishments primarily selling electric and gas household appliances such as washers, dryers, refrigerators, stoves, freezers, vacuum cleaners, electric irons, percolators, hot plates, dehumidifiers, self-contained room air conditioners, and other household appliances. Some public utility companies operate establishments primarily engaged in the sale of electric and gas appliances for household use. Such establishments are also included in this classification. Also included are establishments selling furniture, sleep equipment, phonographs, radio and TV sets, provided the receipts from the sales of household appliances exceed those of other merchandise.

**Radio and television stores (SIC 5732)**—Establishments primarily selling radios, television sets, record players, tape recorders, and other sound reproducing equipment. Installation may be performed incidental to the sale of these items.

Establishments which also sell furniture, sleep equipment, and household appliances are included provided the receipts from sales of radios, television sets, phonographs, and tape recorders exceed those of other merchandise. Radio and television repair shops are classified in SIC 7622 and are included in the Selected Services portion of the Census of Business.

**Record shops (part of SIC 5733)**—Establishments primarily selling phonograph records and albums. Related merchandise is also frequently sold in these stores.

**Musical instrument stores (part of SIC 5733)**—Establishments primarily selling musical instruments such as organs, pianos, horns, stringed instruments, and percussion instruments. Other musical supplies may also be sold in these stores.

#### EATING AND DRINKING PLACES (SIC Major Group 58)

This major group includes establishments primarily selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on or near the premises; and lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate or "take-home" consumption. Also included are caterers who sell prepared foods which are served elsewhere than at their place of business and in-plant food contractors. Eating and drinking places operated as leased concessions in theaters, hotels, motels, and places of amusement are included here. Candy and popcorn stands located in theaters are, however, included in SIC 54 as "Food Stores."

**Eating places (SIC 5812)**—Comprises the following industries:

**Restaurants, lunchrooms, caterers**—Establishments primarily selling prepared food and drink for consumption either on the premises or at a place designated by the customer. Establishments calling themselves caterers but not selling prepared foods as part of their business activity are not included in this category.

Establishments in which sales of alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises exceed receipts from sales of prepared foods



and nonalcoholic beverages are classified as "Drinking places" (SIC 5813). Counter or table service may be provided at establishments calling themselves restaurants or lunchrooms.

**Cafeterias**—Establishments primarily selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises. In these establishments the customers serve themselves.

**Refreshment places**—Establishments primarily selling limited lines of refreshments and prepared food items. Included in this group are establishments which prepare refreshment items such as frozen custard, pizza, barbecued chicken, and hamburgers for consumption either on or near the premises or for "take-home" consumption.

In the 1963 Census of Business, ice cream, frozen custard, soft ice cream, and similar refreshment items sold from trucks were included in this classification. In the 1967 Census of Business, these establishments are classified as "Direct selling (house-to-house canvass) establishments" (SIC 5351) in the "Nonstore Retailers" group and are not included in this series of reports.

**Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) (SIC 5813)**—Establishments primarily selling drinks such as beer, ale, wine, liquor, and other alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises. Prepared foods are frequently sold at these establishments, but receipts from sales of alcoholic beverages exceed receipts from sales of food.

#### DRUG STORES AND PROPRIETARY STORES (SIC 591)

**Drug stores (part of SIC 591)**—Establishments selling prescriptions, proprietary drugs, patent medicines, and other health and first-aid products. Usually these establishments also sell a variety of other merchandise such as cosmetics, toiletries, candy, tobacco products, magazines, and toys.

#### MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES (SIC Major Group 59, Except 591)

This major group includes retail stores not elsewhere classified. In the 1963 Census of Business this group was called "Other retail stores."

**Liquor stores (SIC 592), also government-operated liquor stores (part of major groups 92 and 93)**—Establishments primarily selling packaged alcoholic beverages such as ale, beer, wine, and whiskey for consumption off the premises. Liquor stores operated by States, counties, and municipalities are included.

**Sporting goods stores; bicycle shops (SIC 595)**—Establishments primarily selling a general or specialized line of sporting goods and equipment for hunting, camping, fishing, skiing, riding, tennis, golf, and

other sports; and gymnasium and playground equipment. Also, establishments primarily selling bicycle and bicycle parts and accessories.

**Jewelry stores (SIC 597)**—Establishments primarily selling any combination of the lines of jewelry such as diamonds and other precious stones mounted in precious metals as rings, bracelets, and brooches; sterling and plated silverware; and watches and clocks.

**Florists (SIC 5992)**—Establishments primarily selling cut flowers and growing plants. Greenhouses and nurseries are not included in the Census of Business unless receipts are primarily from sales of products not grown on the premises.

In addition to the kinds of business described above, for which data are shown separately in this report, this group includes other retail stores, such as antique and secondhand stores; hay, grain, feed, and other farm supply stores; garden supply stores; coal, wood, ice, fuel oil, and liquefied petroleum gas dealers; cigar stores, stands; newsdealers, newsstands; gift, novelty, souvenir shops; optical goods stores; type-writer stores; luggage, leather goods stores; hobby, toy, game shops; religious goods stores; pet shops; and other establishments selling specialized lines of merchandise, such as collectors' items and supplies, artists' supplies, and other lines not elsewhere classified. Although data for these establishments are not shown separately, they are included in the group total.

#### NONSTORE RETAILERS (Part of SIC Major Group 53)

The establishments primarily engaged in these activities are not included in this series of reports of the 1967 Census of Business but are included in all other retail trade publications of the census. Included in this classification are mail-order houses, merchandise vending machine operators, and direct selling (house-to-house) organizations. In this census, the sales made at catalog sales desks in retail stores were tabulated as part of the stores' sales rather than as a part of the sales of mail-order houses, as had been done in the earlier censuses.

#### SPECIAL TABULATIONS

Special tabulations of data collected in the 1967 Census of Business may be obtained on computer tape, on punch cards, or in tabular form. The data provided in such special tabulations will be in summary form and will be subject to the same rules prohibiting disclosure of confidential information (including name, address, kind of business, or other data for individual business establishments or companies) as are the regular publications.

Special tabulations are prepared on a cost basis and the request for a cost estimate, as well as exact specifications on the type and format of the data to be provided, should be directed to: Chief, Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.





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